ORIGINAL Room 222 DOCKETS

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20554

1 0 FEB 1993
DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

Honorable John McCain United States Senate 111 Russell Senate Office Building Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator McCain:

This is in reply to your letter of January 29, 1993, in which you inquired on behalf of your constituents regarding the Notice of Proposed Rule Making (Notice) in PR Docket No. 92-235 57 FR 54034 (1992). This Notice proposes comprehensive changes to the Commission's Rules governing the private land mobile radio services operating in the frequency bands below 512 MHz.

Those rules have been in place for over 20 years. While they have been amended on numerous occasions since that time, they nonetheless embody regulatory concepts based on yesteryear's technology and, unless changed, will stifle the growth and development of private land mobile radio technology and services, which are used primarily by local governments, public safety entities, and businesses to enhance their productivity. The Commission issued the Notice, therefore, to solicit comment from all interested persons on a wide variety of proposals designed to increase channel capacity, to promote more efficient use of these channels, and to simplify the rules governing use of these channels.

The proposals in the <u>Notice</u> reflect to a large extent concepts and proposals submitted in the initial inquiry stages of this proceeding. None of the proposals set forth in the <u>Notice</u>, however, are engraved in stone. Indeed, the proposals represent our best judgment at this stage of the proceeding on steps that must be taken to improve the regulatory climate for users of the private land mobile radio spectrum below 512 MHz. To this end, some of the critical issues that must be resolved relate to channel spacing, the amount of time provided to users to convert to new technical standards, how the 300 to 500 percent increase in channel capacity should be licensed, how the rules should be written to provide users technical flexibility, and whether the current nineteen radio services should be consolidated and, if so, how. I have enclosed for your information a copy of that part of the <u>Notice</u> that describes the numerous proposals.

Your constituents are specifically concerned about the impact of these changes on radio control (R/C) hobby users. Enclosed is a discussion paper concerning our proposals for the 72-76 MHz band. In short, we expect there would be no adverse impact on R/C operations because of any proposal contained in the Notice.

We are, of course, sensitive to the concerns of both users of private land mobile radio spectrum and R/C hobbyists. We will, therefore, take into careful consideration all their comments. Your constituents' concerns will be fully evaluated when we develop final rules in this proceeding. As indicated in the Notice, we remain convinced that without significant regulatory change in radio operations in the bands below 512 MHz, the quality of communications in the private land mobile radio services will continue to deteriorate to the point of endangering public safety and the national economy.

We want to thank you for your interest in this proceeding. Comments on the proposals set forth in the <u>Notice</u> are due February 26, 1993, and Reply Comments are due April 14, 1993. We expect final rules to be issued near the end of 1993. We urge your constituents to file formal comments on all aspects of the proposals.

Sincerel

Ralph A. Waller

Chief, Private Radio Bureau

Enclosures: Notice Discussion paper

Congressional

Dur: 2-10-93

PLEASE MAKE 2 EXTRA COPIES OF INCOMING, ATTACHMENTS, AND REPLY FOR DOCKET FILE, ROOM 222.

CONGRESSIONAL CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING SYSTEM 02/02/93

LETTER REPORT

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REMARKS: Respond to the attention of Grant Seiffert in the

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RECEIVED

JOHN McCAIN ARIZONA

United States Senate

PR13 92-235

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

January 29, 1993

Ms. Linda Townsend Solheim Director, Legislative Affairs Federal Communications Commission 191 M Street N.W., Room 808 Washington, D.C. 20554

Dear Linda:

I have enclosed an inquiry which I have received from several constituents of Tucson, Arizona.

I would greatly appreciate it if you would review this material and provide me with a prompt response addressing this issue.

PLEASE MARK THE ENVELOPE TO THE ATTENTION OF: Grant Seiffert in my Washington office, 111 Russell Senate Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20510. Thank you very much for your kind assistance and cooperation.

Sincerely,

Gohn McCain

United States Senator

JM/gs Enclosure

The Honorable John McCain United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Sir:

I have just found out about the Federal Communications Commission Notice of Proposed Rule Making PR Docket 92-235.

This rule has a section concerning Part 95 of the Code of Federal Regulations that is of serious interest to me and a fair segment of the population for several reasons - one of them being safety. This rule must not pass.

I fly radio-controlled model aircraft. NPRM PR 92-235 proposes the placing of multiple, commercial use frequencies between the present ones allocated by the FCC for R/C use. These frequencies can/will be used on mobile equipment and as such present an extreme danger to us. If this ruling is enacted, a pilot could lose control of a plane at any time and with no warning when one of the new transmitters began broadcasting within range of the pilot.

The planes we fly are relatively large (mine range in weight from 3 to 10 pounds and have wingspans to greater than 5 feet) and fly at significant speeds. Loss of control could result in serious injury and possibly death for a person struck by such a plane.

Normally there is very little risk involved in this hobby and accidents are few, but the interference possibilities introduced by this new bill will change that.

The technology required to upgrade our radios such that they could operate at the new, narrow frequency spacing and reject the more powerful transmitters on the new frequencies is not currently available. Estimates on cost when/if it would become available are around \$1000. This is many times the present cost of our radios and will kill the hobby - a hobby that introduces many (including children) to technology and aerospace engineering professions.

I am in a club of 65 individuals that fly R/C. There are, I believe, 8 such clubs in the Tucson area alone. Phoenix has even more. Each year we all participate in a mall show at the Park Mall in Tucson that draws such crowds that, during the very first show, the mall officials invited everyone back on a yearly basis.

There is also a significant economic impact to the Tucson area itself due to the hobby. Clubs in the area regularly host national events and our club has co-hosted giant scale, Reno-style, Unlimited Air Races in conjuncion with Evergreen Air Center in Marana. These events will stop if NPRM PR 92-235 is enacted.

I respectfully ask that you help us to protect our R/C frequencies, keep our present levels of safety, and keep this action from killing the hobby.

riant you very much,

Robert E. Fields 1341 East Seneca Street Tucson, Arizona 84719 The Honorable John McCain United States Senate Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Serator Mc Cain,

I lave been interested in aviation for as long as I can remember and am now retired and derine many hours of enjoyment from constructing and operating radio controll model airplanes.

that are currently under consideration by the Federal Cummunications Commission (FCC). The proceeding is PR Docket 92-235. If adopted the new rules will greatly reduce the usability of frequencies currently assigned for model use and increase the risk of accidents and attendant liability for controlling model airplance.

Over radio control frequencies are in the 72-76 MHz band. This band is primarily used for private land mobile dispatch operations. However, our radio control frequencies in this band are far enough opart from the land mobile frequencies that we have been able to slave. The band willout either use interfering with the other.

Now the FCC wonto to evente more land mobile frequencies by splitting them into narrower boulouther and rearrowers the land blan. City or result money

land mobile frequencies will more closer to the radio control frequencies and cause interference to racio control operations. I am told that of the 50 frequencies that are prosently available for rachio control of model airplanes, only 19 frequencies will be left if these new rules are adopted.

When me fly our model airplanes under radio control, me go to good lengths to assure the soft of operators and bystanders and the protection of property. Many of our sofety presentions involve the careful coordination and use of the social control paymentic of the number of usable payments is climinished as proposed thy the FCC, the remaining payments will be come congested and the margins of sofety will be greatly decreased.

to improve the operating conditions of land mobile radio users at the expense of radio control modelers. The FCC maynot think we are as important or business users of radios, but we have considerable insectment in our modeles and in our radio equipment. The hebby provides many down of enjoyment to thousands of people like myself and contributes to the advancement and closelofment of commercial courties in industry.

Please lelp me continue the safe enjoyment of my pastine by not allowing the FCC to early out its proposals for the 72.76 MHz bond

> Sencerely Donald Borrow Ofacle Junction, AZ.

The Honorable John McCain United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

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I am writing to you concerning Federal Communications Commission Notice of Proposed Rule Making PR Docket 92-235. This rule has a section concerning Part 95 of the Code of Federal Regulations that is of serious interest to me for several reasons - one of them being safety.

I fly radio-controlled model aircraft. NPRM PR 92-235 proposes the placing of multiple commercial-use frequencies between those allocated by the FCC for R/C use. These new frequencies can be used on mobile equipment and as such present an extreme danger. Normally there is little risk involved in this hobby and accidents are few, but the interference possibilities introduced by this bill will change that. If this ruling is enacted, a pilot may lose control of a plane any time one of the new transmitters began broadcasting within range of the pilot. The planes we fly are relatively large and fly at significant speeds. Loss of control could result in serious injury for a person struck by a "runaway" plane.

The technology required to upgrade our radios to where they could reject the more powerful signals on the new frequencies is not available. Estimates on cost if it became available are many times the present cost of our radios and will kill the hobby - a hobby that introduces many (including children) to technology, aerospace, and engineering professions.

Many American businesses manufacture or distribute items for R/C use (kits, radios, engines, accessories, etc.) and there is a significant economic impact to the Tucson area itself. This will all end if NPRM PR 92-235 is enacted.

I respectfully ask that you help us protect our frequencies, preserve our present levels of safety, and keep this action from killing the hobby, by helping to defeat NPRM PR 92-235.

Very truly yours,

AMA 115155

The Honorable John McCain United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

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Mark Balen